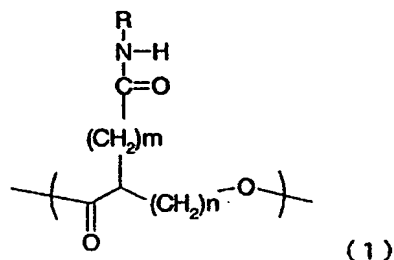


CLAIMS

1. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (1) in a molecule,

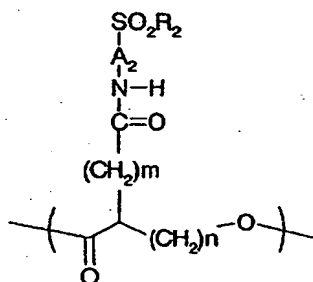


5

Wherein R represents $-A_1-SO_2R_1$, R_1 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a} , R_{1a} and A_1 each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R, R_1 , R_{1a} , A_1 , m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

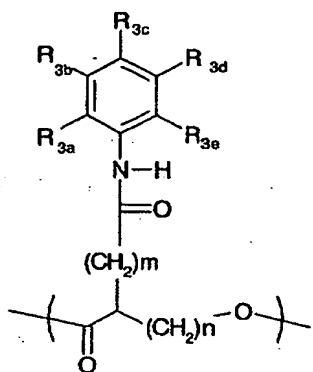
2. A polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 1, comprising one or more units each represented by the chemical formula (2), (3), (4A), or (4B) in a molecule as the units of the chemical formula (1),

20



(2)

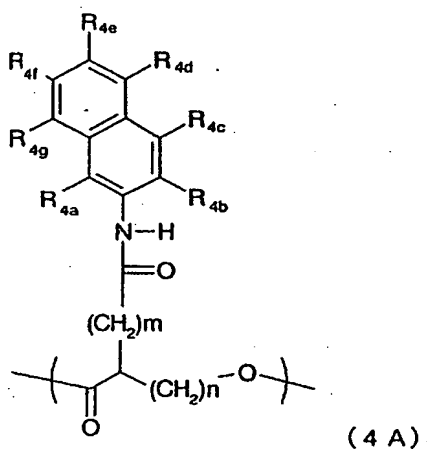
wherein R_2 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or
 OR_{2a} , R_{2a} represents a linear or branched alkyl group
 having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or
 5 unsubstituted phenyl group, A_2 represents a linear or
 branched alkylene group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, n
 represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m
 represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when
 multiple units exist, A_2 , R_2 , R_{2a} , m , and n each
 10 independently have the above meaning for each unit,



(3)

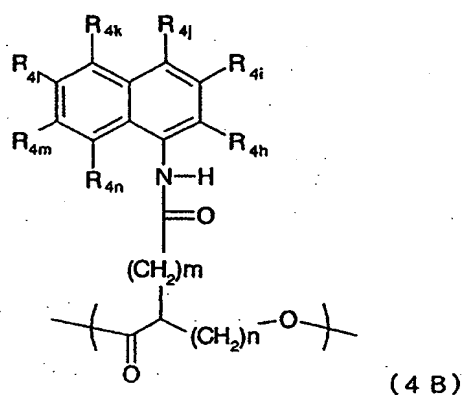
wherein R_{3a} , R_{3b} , R_{3c} , R_{3d} , and R_{3e} each independently
 represent SO_2R_{3f} (R_{3f} represents OH, a halogen atom,

ONa, OK, or OR_{3f1} (R_{3f1} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{3g} (R_{3g} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO₂R_{3f}, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R_{3a}, R_{3b}, R_{3c}, R_{3d}, R_{3e}, R_{3f}, R_{3f1}, R_{3g}, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



Wherein R_{4a}, R_{4b}, R_{4c}, R_{4d}, R_{4e}, R_{4f}, and R_{4g} each independently represent SO₂R_{4o} (R_{4o} represents OH, a

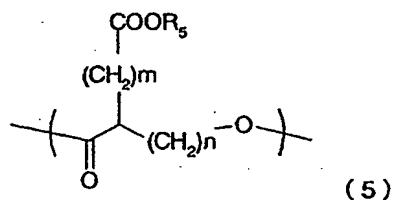
- halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{4o1} (R_{4o1} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{4p} (R_{4p} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO₂R_{4o}, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4 and m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and wherein multiple units exist, R_{4a}, R_{4b}, R_{4c}, R_{4d}, R_{4e}, R_{4f}, R_{4g}, R_{4o}, R_{4o1}, R_{4p}, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit),



wherein R_{4h}, R_{4i}, R_{4j}, R_{4k}, R_{4l}, R_{4m}, and R_{4n} each

independently represent SO_2R_{40} (R_{40} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{401} , (R_{401} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH_2 group, an NO_2 group, COOR_{4p} (R_{4p} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPH group, a CF_3 group, a C_2F_5 group, or a C_3F_7 group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO_2R_{40} , n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and wherein multiple units exist, R_{4h} , R_{4i} , R_{4j} , R_{4k} , R_{4l} , R_{4m} , R_{4n} , R_{4o} , R_{401} , R_{4p} , m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

3. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (5),



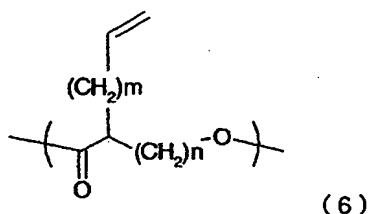
20

Wherein R_5 represents a hydrogen atom, a group for forming a salt, or R_{5a} , R_{5a} represents a linear or

branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, or a group having a saccharide, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when $n = 4$, R_5

- 5 represents only a group having a saccharide for $m = 0$, and when multiple units exist, R_5 , R_{5a} , m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.)

4. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (6),

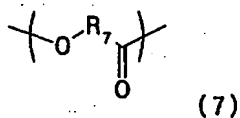


10

wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when $n = 3$, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

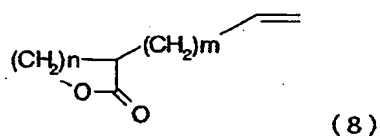
15

5. A polyhydroxyalkanoate according to any one of claims 1 to 4, further comprising a unit represented by the chemical formula (7) in a molecule,

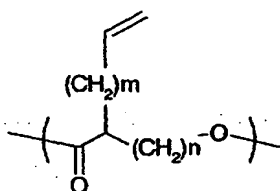


wherein (R₇ represents a linear or branched alkylene group having 1 to 11 carbon atoms, an alkyleneoxyalkylene group each alkylene of which has 1 or 2 carbon atoms (alkylene groups each independently have 1 or 2 carbon atoms), or an alkylidene group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms which may be substituted by aryl, and when multiple units exist, R₇'s each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

6. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate represented by the chemical formula (6), comprising the step of polymerizing a compound represented by the chemical formula (8) in the presence of a catalyst,



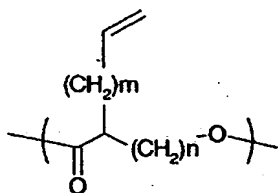
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4 when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when n = 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2 to 8,



(6)

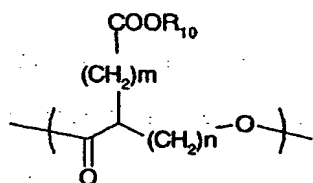
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4,
 when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and
 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when
 5 n = 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2
 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m and n each
 independently have the above meaning for each unit.

7. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate
 containing a unit represented by the chemical formula
 10 (10), comprising the step of oxidizing a double bond
 portion of a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit
 represented by the chemical formula (9),



(9)

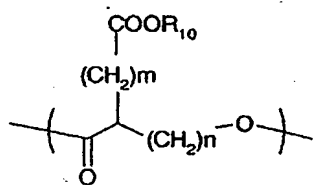
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4
 15 and m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8,
 when multiple units exist, m and n each independently
 have the above meaning for each unit,



(10)

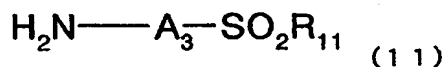
wherein R_{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a group for forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m , n , and R_{10} each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

8. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (1), comprising the step of subjecting a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (10) and at least one kind of amine compound represented by the chemical formula (11) to a condensation reaction,



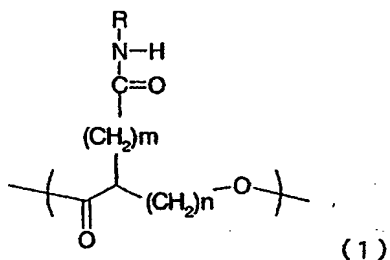
(10)

Wherein R_{10} represents hydrogen or a group for forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m , n , and R_{10} each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



wherein R_{11} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{11a} , R_{11a} and A_3 are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted

5 aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{11} , R_{11a} , and A_3 each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



10

wherein R represents $-\text{A}_1-\text{SO}_2\text{R}_1$, R_1 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a} , R_{1a} and A_1 each independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a

15 substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R , R_1 , R_{1a} , A_1 , m , and n

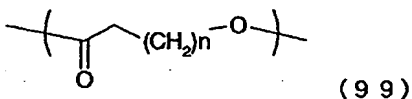
20 each independently have the above meaning for each

unit.

9. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (101), comprising the steps of:

5 allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (99) to react with a base; and

 allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the
10 chemical formula (100),



wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, and when multiple units exist, n's each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

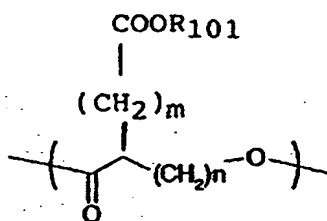


(100)

15

wherein m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, X represents a halogen atom, R₁₀₀ represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when n = 4 in the chemical formula

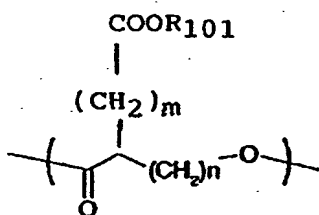
20 (99), m is not equal to 0,



(101)

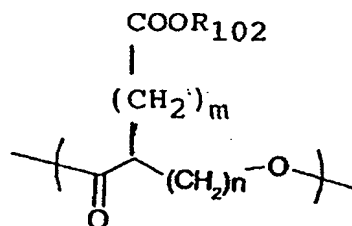
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1 to 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n = 4, m represents an integer selected from 1 to 8, R₁₀₁ represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when multiple units exist, R₁₀₁, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

- 10 10. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (102), comprising the step of hydrolyzing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (101) in the presence of an acid or an alkali or the step of
- 15 subjecting the polyhydroxyalkanoate to hydrogenolysis including catalytic reduction,



(101)

wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4,
 when n represents an integer selected from 1 to 3, m
 represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n =
 5 4, m represents an integer selected from 1 to 8, R₁₀₁
 represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl
 group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when multiple
 units exist, R₁₀₁, m, and n each independently have
 the above meaning for each unit,



(102)

10

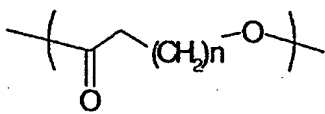
wherein R₁₀₂ represents hydrogen or a group for
 forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from
 1 to 4. when n represents an integer selected from 1
 to 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8,
 15 when n = 4, m represents an integer selected from 1
 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R₁₀₂, m, and n
 each independently have the above meaning for each

unit.

11. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (104), comprising the steps of:

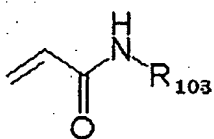
5 allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (99) to react with a base; and

allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the
10 chemical formula (103),



(99)

(In the formula, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4. When multiple units exist, n's each independently have the above meaning for each unit.)

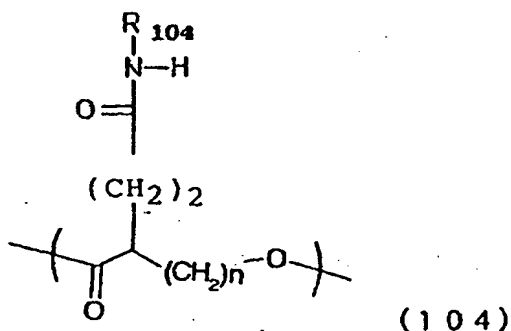


(103)

15

Wherein R_{103} represents $-A_{103}-SO_2R_{103a}$, R_{103a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{103b} , R_{103b} and A_{103} are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic

hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{103} , R_{103a} , R_{103b} , and A_{103} each
 5 independently have the above meaning for each unit,



Wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, R_{104} represents $-A_{104}-SO_2R_{104a}$, R_{104a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{104b} , R_{104b} and A_{104} each
 10 independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{104} , R_{104a} ,
 15 R_{104b} , A_{104} , and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.